COMMUNITY PRESERVATION COMMITTEE TOWN OF NEEDHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

Minutes of Meeting July 18, 2012

Present:

Mark Gluesing – Chairman, Janet Bernardo – Vice Chairman,

Reg Foster, Mike Retzky, Sam Warner, Lita Young

Absent:

Carol Boulris

Town Staff:

Patricia Carey – Staff Liaison

Nicole DiCicco – Recording Secretary

Guests:

Tad Staley, Bay Colony Rail Trail

The meeting convened at 7:35PM in the Charles River Conference Room located in the Public Services Administration Building (PSAB).

<u>Chairman's Updates</u>: Mr. Gluesing informed the Committee that the Board of Selectmen has an applicant for their appointment, and it will be voted on at their August meeting. There hasn't been an update from the Moderator on his appointment.

Preliminary Discussion- Tad Staley, Bay Colony Rail Trail: Mr. Gluesing introduced Tad Staley of the Bay Colony Rail Trail Committee (BCRTC). Mr. Staley presented some background information about the Rail Trail project and research done by the volunteer members of the Committee, explaining that they are now at the point where a formal feasibility study is the next step in the process of creating this Rail Trail. BCRTC has met with representatives from Weston & Sampson, who have provided them with a draft of this study. (See Addendum 1 for Draft of Bay Colony Rail Trail Committee Conceptual Planning and Design) This project would be an approximate \$26,000 study to review the variables of a project of this magnitude and to answer questions brought up by the Board of Selectmen. Mr. Gluesing noted that if the Committee wanted to move forward with this presented study, that CPC Administrative funds could be used since this non-profit organization study would be necessary in order for the larger, construction project to be eligible for CPC project funds in the future. Mr. Gluesing asked that everyone read through all of the materials provided by Mr. Staley prior to the next scheduled meeting in order to vote on this study. In order for the Committee to vote, Ms. Carey asked that Mr. Staley provide a formal letter of request. Mr. Gluesing asked for acknowledgement of support from the Board of Selectmen and the Park and Recreation Commission.

<u>CPA Legislation Update</u>: Mr. Gluesing reported that the CPA legislation has been signed by the Governor and has passed, meaning that major rehabilitation of existing,

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Town owned property for recreation purposes is now included in CPC project possibilities. (See Addendum 2 for Legislation M.G.L ch. 44B)

<u>Project Planning</u>: Mr. Gluesing has met with Town Manager Kate Fitzpatrick, who will be compiling a list of the Town owned projects from the Capital Plan that now qualify for CPC funds after the changes made to the legislation. She will help set up a summit meeting for CPC with representatives from the various boards with interest in bringing forward projects and will prioritize them prior to beginning to submit projects to CPC.

<u>Charles River Center Project Re-Submission, FY2013-1</u>: Mr. Gluesing assigned Ms. Young to contact the Charles River Center about their re-submission. The Committee would like updates on the Wayland project, including costs associated with the project there as well as an update on their fundraising status. (See Addendum 3 for FY2013-1 Application)

Mr. Foster was also asked to prepare an update on the Needham Housing Authority project for the Committee. Mr. Gluesing will request a fund assessment from the Town's Financial Director in order for the board to see the funds available when looking at these two projects.

Summer Meeting Schedule:

Wednesday, August 8th, 7:30pm – Meeting Wednesday, August 22nd, 7:30pm – Meeting Wednesday, September 12th, 7:30pm – Meeting Wednesday, September 19th, 7:30pm – Meeting Wednesday, October 10th, 7:30pm – Public Hearing

<u>Meeting Minutes – June 13, 2012</u>: Ms. Bernardo made a motion to approve the minutes of the June 13, 2012 meeting. The motion was seconded by Mr. Retzky and was approved unanimously.

Adjournment: Mr. Retzky made a motion to adjourn the meeting at 8:45 PM. Ms. Bernardo seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved and the meeting was adjourned at 8:45 PM

Respectfully submitted,

Nicole DiCicco Recording Secretary

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planning, permitting, design, construction, eration, maintenance Westons Sampson

DRAFT - FOR REVIEW/DISCUSSION

June 19, 2012

Mr. Tad Staley Ms. Patty Carey Bay Colony Rail Trail | Needham Parks and Recreation Needham, MA 02492



Re: Bay Colony Rail Trail | Conceptual Planning and Design

Dear Mr. Staley and Ms. Carey:

We are pleased to submit this proposal to provide conceptual planning and design services that will examine basic opportunities and constraints related to transitioning the Needham section of the Bay Colony Rail Trail Project (BCRT) to more formalized public use. In particular, our professional planning, design and engineering staff will work with the designated project committee and review and report on the following trail elements and trail design considerations:

- The timber pile bridge crossing the Charles River
- Roadway crossings
- Abutter matters
- Surfacing options
- Current trail alignment and conditions
- Current edge conditions (steep embankments, slightly sloped, flat terrain etc.)
- Environmental matters and wetland resource areas
- Vegetation
- Opportunities for linkage to other open space assets
- Basic design options
- Trail access, trail heads
- Parking considerations
- Cost implications
- Priorities and phasing strategies for implementation of improvements

We also suggest that a joint workshop be held with BCRT representatives from the neighboring towns of Dover and Medfield to discuss how they might plan to address the items described above. In our review of the BCRT website, it seems apparent that leaders are interested in designing a well-integrated and well-connected trail experience that allows users to enjoy the diversity of landscapes that prevail along the entire 7 mile length of the corridor.

Massachusetts Connecticut Rhode Island New Hampshire Maine Vermont New York Pennsylvania New Jersey South Carolina Florida We have identified the following basic approach for this conceptual planning, design and engineering effort. At the end of this phase of study, the Needham BCRT Committee and other stakeholders will have a clearer understanding of what is required to transition the presently unmaintained and unmanaged corridor to public use.

1. Project Kick-off Meeting

At the outset of the project, we suggest a meeting with you, your project committee and other project representatives to confirm the planned scope of work, and identify basic areas of responsibilities, project goals and a basic project timeline.

At this meeting our project team will collect any/all project data and information and be prepared to participate in a discussion related to overall trail design, access and connectivity. Particular attention will be devoted to the matter of access and connectivity, proximity to abutters, impacts to wetland resources and other sensitive receptors, trail surfacing preferences and so forth. We also expect to lead a general discussion about how to best achieve an incremental implementation of construction improvements to the trail corridor.

2. Field Reconnaissance

Following the initial meeting, field reconnaissance efforts will be undertaken and include a tour of the proposed corridor with members of your project committee and other interested parties. During this same time field assessments will be performed in order to identify wetland resources, topographic features, drainage concerns, ecological resources and other inherent landscape features and qualities.





Views along the Needham section of the Bay Colony Rail Trail

As the initial field analysis is undertaken, we suggest that a public workshop be held in order to receive public comment. Essential to the success of the project will be an open, honest and constructive dialogue with community representatives in an effort to highlight the many positive benefits while allaying concern about adverse impacts.

3. Structural Analysis

As a stand-alone effort, our structural engineers will review conditions of the timber bridge crossing the Charles River at the Needham-Dover town line. This cursory, structural analysis will generally include the following:

- Review of existing drawings, surveys, and previous reports (if any exist)
- Meet with project representatives at the site
- Walk the top side of the bridge to perform visual inspections of the decking
- Using a canoe, kayak, or row boat, perform visual inspections of the piles and below deck framing
- Inspections limited to visual observation and random sounding of material with a hammer and awl (no destructive testing or load testing)
- Prepare a basic framing plan and one cross section in CAD.
- Develop a basic, new deck and rail concept
- Provide a written description of possible repair recommendations
- Complete basic structural calculations
- Prepare a letter report with photos and descriptions of findings and provide a general condition assessment and stated opinion of feasibility, meet with project representatives to review content of the letter report



Views of the timber pile bridge crossing the Charles River

4. Conceptual Planning and Design

Following the field reconnaissance work, an initial design study will be developed and presented by our project team to the project committee for review and consideration. At this time, we would suggest that a second public workshop be held to identify project findings and to receive public input. Based on this initial round of input, the conceptual design documents will then be revised if needed and made available in finished form to the project committee.

Conceptual design documents will include illustrative plan graphics and associated narratives and generally address the matters described below:

- Opportunities and constraints particularly in relation to natural resources, landscape qualities and interface with abutters
- Conceptual trail diagram showing basic alignment and suggested width, material type, LID drainage improvements, treatments at crossings and potential structural improvements
- Conceptual access point(s), trailheads and interconnection with other open space assets and recreation resources
- ADA considerations
- Clearing, cutting/filling and grading considerations and potential mitigation
- Trail amenities including interpretive signage, mapping, and gathering nodes
- Landscaping, screening and vegetation management, edge treatments along steep embankments
- Project priorities and phasing options
- Cost considerations
- Other factors deemed important

A summary report will be prepared in order to chronicle the conceptual work effort. The report will establish a strategy for moving the initiative forward and for seeking continued public input and reaction. The report will be concise and address permitting requirements, abutters concerns, legal requirements if any and important design opportunities and constraints for safe public use and enjoyment throughout the corridor length. We will also establish a basic budget outline for the implementation of various trail related initiatives (including design, permitting and phased construction aspects) going forward.

Schedule and Cost

We anticipate that work can be completed in approximately 8-12 weeks from your notice to proceed. We have identified the costs to complete this work in the chart below.

Phase or Task	Cost
Project Kick-off Meeting	NC
Field Reconnaissance (includes 1 public workshop)	\$6,000
Structural Analysis	\$8,600
Conceptual Planning and Design (includes 1 public workshop)	\$12,000
Total Cost	\$26,600





Views from the Needham section of the BCRT

We would be happy to meet with you and other project representatives to discuss this proposal. We are also amenable to refining the basic approach and fee schedule in any way that is mutually agreeable and allows your committee to move forward with this exciting project.

Very truly yours,

WESTON & SAMPSON

Eugene R. Bolinger, RLA

Vice President

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Community Preservation Act: Enabling Statute – M.G.L. ch. 44B

Note: This is an unofficial copy of the CPA statute. It contains elements added by the Community Preservation Coalition including bold emphasis and historic citations of CPA amendments. It also contains amendments passed in H. 4200 (July 2012); those changes are indicated in **blue (new text)** or **red strikethrough (deletions from existing law).** Lastly, it includes two sections also passed in H. 4200 related to additional funding for the CPA Trust Fund and the effective date for all CPA changes contained in H. 4200. Those two sections are at the bottom of this document, following the changes to the CPA statute.

Chapter 267 of the Acts of 2000

As-amended by SB 2343 (July 2002), HB 3944 (July 2003), HB 4709 (December 2004), HB 1680 (March 2006), SB 167 (September 2006), SB 2725 (December 2006), and HB 4200 (July 2012).

AN ACT RELATIVE TO COMMUNITY PRESERVATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after <u>chapter 44A</u> the following chapter:- CHAPTER 44B. COMMUNITY PRESERVATION.

Section 1. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Massachusetts Community Preservation Act.

Section 2. As used in this chapter, the following words shall, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning, have the following meanings:-

"Acquire", obtain by gift, purchase, devise, grant, rental, rental purchase, lease or otherwise. "Acquire" shall not include a taking by eminent domain, except as provided in this chapter.

"Annual income", a family's or person's gross annual income less such reasonable allowances for dependents, other than a spouse, and for medical expenses as the housing authority or, in the event that there is no housing authority, the department of housing and community development, determines.

"Capital improvement", reconstruction or alteration of real property that: (1) materially adds to the value of the real property or appreciably prolongs the useful life of the real property; (2) becomes part of the real property or is permanently affixed to the real property so that removal would cause material damage to the property or article itself; and (3) is intended to become a permanent installation or is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.

"Community housing", low and moderate income housing for individuals and families, including low or moderate income senior housing.

"Community preservation", the acquisition, creation and preservation of open space, the acquisition, creation and preservation of historic resources and the creation and preservation of community housing.

"Community preservation committee", the committee established by the legislative body of a city or town to make recommendations for community preservation, as provided in section 5.

"Community Preservation Fund", the municipal fund established under section 7.

"CP", community preservation.

"Historic resources", a building, structure, vessel, real property, document or artifact that is listed or eligible for listing on the state register of historic places or has been determined by the local historic preservation commission to be significant in the history, archeology, architecture or culture of a city or town.

"Legislative body", the agency of municipal government which is empowered to enact ordinances or by-laws, adopt an annual budget and other spending authorizations, loan orders, bond authorizations and other financial matters and whether styled as a city council, board of aldermen, town council, town meeting or by any other title.

"Low income housing", housing for those persons and families whose annual income is less than 80 per cent of the areawide median income. The areawide median income shall be the areawide median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

"Low or moderate income senior housing", housing for those persons having reached the age of 60 or over who would qualify for low or moderate income housing.

"Maintenance", the upkeep of real or personal property. incidental repairs which neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong the property's life, but keep the property in a condition of fitness, efficiency or readiness.

"Moderate income housing", housing for those persons and families whose annual income is less than 100 per cent of the areawide median income. The areawide median income shall be the areawide median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

"Open space", shall include, but not be limited to, land to protect existing and future well fields, aquifers and recharge areas, watershed land, agricultural land, grasslands, fields, forest land, fresh and salt water marshes and other wetlands, ocean, river, stream, lake and pond frontage, beaches, dunes and other coastal lands, lands to protect scenic vistas, land for wildlife or nature preserve and land for recreational use.

"Preservation", protection of personal or real property from injury, harm or destruction., but not including maintenance.

"Real property", land, buildings, appurtenant structures and fixtures attached to buildings or land, including, where applicable, real property interests.

"Real property interest", a present or future legal or equitable interest in or to real property, including easements and restrictions, and any beneficial interest therein, including the interest of a beneficiary in a trust which holds a legal or equitable interest in real property, but shall not include an interest which is limited to the following: an estate at will or at sufferance and any estate for years having a term of less than 30 years; the reversionary right, condition or right of entry for condition broken; the interest of a mortgagee or other secured party in a mortgage or security agreement.

"Recreational use", active or passive recreational use including, but not limited to, the use of land for community gardens, trails, and noncommercial youth and adult sports, and the use of land as a park, playground or athletic field. "Recreational use" shall not include horse or dog racing or the use of land for a stadium, gymnasium or similar structure.

"Rehabilitation", the remodeling, reconstruction and capital improvements, or the making of extraordinary repairs, to historic resources, open spaces, lands for recreational use and community housing for the purpose of making such historic resources, open spaces, lands for recreational use and community housing functional for their intended uses including, but not limited to, improvements to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and other federal, state or local building or access codes; provided, that with respect to historic resources, "rehabilitation" shall-have the additional meaning of work to comply with the Standards for Rehabilitation stated in the United States Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties codified in 36 C.F.R. Part 68; and provided further, that with respect to land for recreational use, "rehabilitation" shall include the replacement of playground equipment and other capital improvements to the land or the facilities thereon which make the land or the related facilities more functional for the intended recreational use.

"Support of community housing", shall include, but not be limited to, programs that provide grants, loans, rental assistance, security deposits, interest-rate write downs or other forms of assistance directly to individuals and families who are eligible for community housing or to an entity that owns, operates or manages such housing, for the purpose of making housing affordable.

- Section 3. (a) Sections 3 to 7, inclusive, shall take effect in any city or town upon the approval by the legislative body and their acceptance by the voters of a ballot question as set forth in this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>chapter 59</u> or any other general or special law to the contrary, the legislative body may vote to accept sections 3 to 7, inclusive, by approving a surcharge on real property of not more than 3 per cent of the real estate tax levy against real property, as determined annually by the board of assessors. The amount of the surcharge shall not be included in a calculation of total taxes assessed for purposes of section 21C of said chapter 59.
- (b½) Notwithstanding chapter 59 or any other general or special law to the contrary, as an alternative to subsection (b), the legislative body may vote to accept sections 3 to 7, inclusive, by approving a surcharge on real property of not less than 1 per cent of the real estate tax levy against real property and making an additional commitment of funds by dedicating revenue not greater than 2 per cent of the real estate tax levy against real property; provided, however, that additional funds so committed shall come from other sources of municipal revenue including, but not limited to, hotel excises pursuant to chapter 64G, linkage fees and inclusionary zoning payments, however authorized, the sale of municipal property pursuant to section 3 of chapter 40, parking fines and surcharges pursuant to sections 20, 20A and 20A1/2 of chapter 90, existing dedicated housing, open space and historic preservation funds, however authorized, and gifts received from private sources for community preservation purposes; and provided further, that additional funds so committed shall not include any federal or state funds. The total funds committed to purposes authorized under this chapter by means of this subsection shall not exceed 3 per cent of the real estate tax levy against real property, less exemptions, adopted. In the event that the municipality shall no longer dedicate all or part of the additional funds to community preservation, the surcharge of not less than 1 per cent shall remain in effect, but may be reduced pursuant to section 16.
- (c) All exemptions and abatements of real property authorized by said chapter 59 or any other law for which a taxpayer qualifies as eligible shall not be affected by this chapter. A taxpayer receiving an exemption of real property authorized by said chapter 59 or any other law shall be exempt from any surcharge on real property established under this section. The surcharge to be paid by a taxpayer receiving an abatement of real property authorized by said chapter 59 or any other law shall be reduced in proportion to the amount of such abatement.
- (d) Any amount of the surcharge not paid by the due date shall bear interest at the rate per annum provided in section 57 of said chapter 59.

- (e) The legislative body may also vote to accept one or more of the following exemptions:
- (1) for property owned and occupied as a domicile by a person who would qualify for low income housing or low or moderate income senior housing in the city or town;
- (2) for class three, commercial, and class four, industrial, properties as defined in section 2A of said chapter 59, in cities or towns with classified tax rates; or
- (3) for \$100,000 of the value of each taxable parcel of residential real property.
- (3) for \$100,000 of the value of each taxable parcel of residential real property; or
- (4) for \$100,000 of the value of each taxable parcel of class three, commercial property, and class four, industrial property as defined in section 2A of said chapter 59.
- (f) Upon approval by the legislative body, the actions of the body shall be submitted for acceptance to the voters of a city or town at the next regular municipal or state election. The city or town clerk or the state secretary shall place it on the ballot in the form of the following question:

"Shall this (city or town) accept sections 3 to 7, inclusive of chapter 44B of the General Laws, as approved by its legislative body, a summary of which appears below?"

(Set forth here a fair, concise summary and purpose of the law to be acted upon, as determined by the city solicitor or town counsel, including in said summary the percentage of the surcharge to be imposed.)

If a majority of the voters voting on said question vote in the affirmative, then its provisions shall take effect in the city or town, but not otherwise.

- (g) The final date for notifying or filing a petition with the city or town clerk or the state secretary to place such a question on the ballot shall be 35 days before the city or town election or 60 days before the state election.
- (h) If the legislative body does not vote to accept sections 3 to 7, inclusive, at least 90 days before a regular city or town election or 120 days before a state election, then a question seeking said acceptance through approval of a particular surcharge rate with exemption or exemptions, may be so placed on the ballot when a petition signed by at least 5 per cent of the registered voters of the city or town requesting such action is filed with the registrars, who shall have seven days after receipt of such petition to certify its signatures. Upon certification of the signatures, the city or town clerk or the state secretary shall cause the question to be placed on the ballot at the next regular city or town election held more than 35 days after such certification or at the next regular state election held more than 60 days after such certification.

- (i) With respect to real property owned by a cooperative corporation, as defined in section 4 of chapter 157B, that portion which is occupied by a member under a proprietary lease as the member's domicile shall be considered real property owned by that member for the purposes of exemptions provided under this section. The member's portion of the real estate shall be represented by the member's share or shares of stock in the cooperative corporation, and the percentage of that portion to the whole shall be determined by the percentage of the member's shares to the total outstanding stock of the corporation, including shares owned by the corporation. This portion of the real property shall be eligible for any exemption provided in this section if the member meets all requirements for the exemption. Any exemption so provided shall reduce the taxable valuation of the real property owned by the cooperative corporation, and the reduction in taxes realized by this exemption shall be credited by the cooperative corporation against the amount of the taxes otherwise payable by or chargeable to the member. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the tax status of any manufactured home or mobile home under this chapter, but this subsection shall apply to the land on which the manufactured home or mobile home is located if all other requirements of this clause are met. This subsection shall take effect in a city or town upon its acceptance by the city or town.
- Section 4. (a) Upon acceptance of sections 3 to 7, inclusive, and upon the assessors' warrant to the tax collector, the accepted surcharge shall be imposed.
- (b) After receipt of the warrant, the tax collector shall collect the surcharge in the amount and according to the computation specified in the warrant and shall pay the amounts so collected, quarterly or semi-annually, according to the schedule for collection of property taxes for the tax on real property, to the city's or town's treasurer. The tax collector shall cause appropriate books and accounts to be kept with respect to such surcharge, which shall be subject to public examination upon reasonable request from time to time.
- (c) The remedies provided by <u>chapter 60</u> for the collection of taxes upon real estate shall apply to the surcharge on real property pursuant to this chapter.

- Section 5. (a) A city or town that accepts sections 3 to 7, inclusive, shall establish by ordinance or by-law a community preservation committee. The committee shall consist of not less than five nor more than nine members. The ordinance or by-law shall determine the composition of the committee, the length of its term and the method of selecting its members, whether by election or appointment or by a combination thereof. The committee shall include, but not be limited to, one member of the conservation commission established under section 8C of chapter 40 as designated by the commission, one member of the historical commission established under section 8D of said chapter 40 as designated by the commission, one member of the planning board established under section 81A of chapter 41 as designated by the board, one member of the board of park commissioners established under section 2 of chapter 45 as designated by the board and one member of the housing authority established under section 3 of chapter 121B as designated by the authority, or persons, as determined by the ordinance or by-law, acting in the capacity of or performing like duties of the commissions, board or authority if they have not been established in the city or town. If there are no persons acting in the capacity of or performing like duties of any such commission, board or authority, the ordinance or by-law shall designate those persons.
- (b)(1) The community preservation committee shall study the needs, possibilities and resources of the city or town regarding community preservation, including the consideration of regional projects for community preservation. The committee shall consult with existing municipal boards, including the conservation commission, the historical commission, the planning board, the board of park commissioners and the housing authority, or persons acting in those capacities or performing like duties, in conducting such studies. As part of its study, the committee shall hold one or more public informational hearings on the needs, possibilities and resources of the city or town regarding community preservation possibilities and resources, notice of which shall be posted publicly and published for each of two weeks preceding a hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town.
- (2) The community preservation committee shall make recommendations to the legislative body for the acquisition, creation and preservation of open space; for the acquisition, preservation, rehabilitation and restoration of historic resources; for the acquisition, creation and preservation, rehabilitation and restoration of land for recreational use; for the acquisition, creation, preservation and support of community housing; and for the rehabilitation or restoration of open space, land for recreational use and community housing that is acquired or created as provided in this section; provided, however, that funds expended pursuant to this chapter shall not be used for maintenance. With respect to community housing, the community preservation committee shall recommend, wherever possible, the reuse of existing buildings or construction of new buildings on previously developed sites. With respect to recreational use, the acquisition of artificial turf for athletic fields shall be prohibited.

- (3) The community preservation committee may include in its recommendation to the legislative body a recommendation to set aside for later spending funds for specific purposes that are consistent with community preservation but for which sufficient revenues are not then available in the Community Preservation Fund to accomplish that specific purpose or to set aside for later spending funds for general purposes that are consistent with community preservation.
- (c) The community preservation committee shall not meet or conduct business without the presence of a quorum. A majority of the members of the community preservation committee shall constitute a quorum. The community preservation committee shall approve its actions by majority vote. Recommendations to the legislative body shall include their anticipated costs.
- (d) After receiving such recommendations from the community preservation committee, the legislative body shall then take such action and approve such appropriations from the Community Preservation Fund as set forth in section—8–7, and such additional non-Community Preservation Fund appropriations as it deems appropriate to carry out the recommendations of the community preservation committee. In the case of a city, the ordinance shall provide for the mechanisms under which the legislative body may approve or veto appropriations made pursuant to this chapter, in accordance with the city charter.
- (e) For the purposes of community preservation and upon the recommendation of the community preservation committee, a city or town may take by eminent domain under chapter 79, the fee or any lesser interest in real property or waters located in such city or town if such taking has first been approved by a two-thirds vote of the legislative body. Upon a like recommendation and vote, a city or town may expend monies in the Community Preservation Fund, if any, for the purpose of paying, in whole or in part, any damages for which a city or town may be liable by reason of a taking for the purposes of community preservation.
- (f) Section 16 of chapter 30B shall not apply to the acquisition by a city or town, of real property or an interest therein, as authorized by this chapter for the purposes of community preservation and upon recommendation of the community preservation committee, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 14 of chapter 40, for purposes of this chapter, no such real property, or interest therein, shall be acquired by any city or town for a price exceeding the value of the property as determined by such city or town through procedures customarily accepted by the appraising profession as valid.

A city or town may appropriate money in any year from the Community Preservation Fund to an affordable housing trust fund.

Section 6. In every each fiscal year and upon the recommendation of the community preservation committee, the legislative body shall spend, or set aside for later spending, not less than 10 per cent of the annual revenues in the Community Preservation Fund for open space, but not including land for recreational use, not less than 10 per cent of the annual revenues for historic resources and not less than 10 per cent of the annual revenues for community housing. In each fiscal year, the legislative body shall make such appropriations from the Community Preservation Fund as it deems necessary for the administrative and operating expenses of the community preservation committee, but the and such appropriations shall not exceed 5 per cent of the annual revenues in the Community Preservation Fund. The legislative body may also make appropriations from the Community Preservation Fund as it deems necessary for costs associated with tax billing software and outside vendors necessary to integrate such software for the first year that a city or town implements the this chapter; provided, however, that the total of any administrative and operating expenses of the community preservation committee and the first year implementation expenses shall not exceed 5 per cent of the annual revenues in the Community Preservation Fund.

Funds that are set aside shall be held in the Community Preservation Fund and spent in that year or later years; provided, however, that but funds set aside for a specific purpose shall be spent only for the specific purpose. Any funds set aside may be expended in any city or town in the commonwealth. The community preservation funds shall not replace existing operating funds, only augment them.

Section 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 53 of chapter 44 or any other general or special law to the contrary, a city or town that accepts sections 3 to 7, inclusive, shall establish a separate account to be known as the Community Preservation Fund of which the municipal treasurer shall be the custodian. The authority to approve expenditures from the fund shall be limited to the legislative body and the municipal treasurer shall pay such expenses in accordance with chapter 41.

The following monies shall be deposited in the fund: (a) (i) all funds collected from the real property surcharge or bond proceeds in anticipation of revenue pursuant to sections 4 and 11; (b) (ii) additional funds appropriated or dedicated from allowable municipal sources pursuant to subsection (b½) of section 3, if applicable; (iii) all funds received from the commonwealth or any other source for such purposes; and (e) (iv) proceeds from the disposal of real property acquired with funds from the Community Preservation Fund.

The treasurer may deposit or invest the proceeds of the fund in savings banks, trust companies incorporated under the laws of the commonwealth, banking companies incorporated under the laws of the commonwealth which are members of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or national banks, or may invest the proceeds in paid up shares and accounts of and in co-operative banks or in shares of savings and loan associations or in shares of federal savings and loan associations doing business in the commonwealth or in the manner authorized by section 54 of chapter 44, and any income there from shall be credited to the fund. The expenditure of revenues from the fund shall be limited to implementing the recommendations of the community preservation committee and providing administrative and operating expenses to the committee.

- Section 8. (a) The fees of the registers of deeds, except as otherwise provided, to be paid when the instrument is left for recording, filing or deposit shall be subject to a surcharge of \$20. The fees for so recording, filing or depositing a municipal lien certificate shall be subject to a surcharge of \$10. The surcharges shall be imposed for the purposes of community preservation. No surcharge shall apply to a declaration of homestead under chapter 188. No surcharge shall apply to the fees charged for additional pages, photostatic copies, abstract cards, additional square feet for the filing and recording of plans or for additional or required marginal references.
- (b) The fees of the assistant recorder, except as otherwise provided, to be paid when the instrument is left for registering, filing or entering with respect to registered land shall be subject to a surcharge of \$20. The fees for so registering, filing or entering a municipal lien certificate shall be subject to a surcharge of \$10. The surcharges shall be imposed for the purposes of community preservation. No surcharge shall apply to a declaration of homestead of chapter 188. No surcharge shall apply to the fees charged for additional lots shown on plans, for indexing instruments recorded while a petition for registering is pending, for additional certificates of sewer assessments, for old age assistance liens, for duplicates and for photocopies.
- (c) All surcharges on fees collected pursuant to this section shall be forwarded to the Massachusetts Community Preservation Trust Fund, established in section 9.
- Section 9. (a) There shall be established and set up on the books of the commonwealth a separate fund, to be known as the Massachusetts Community Preservation Trust Fund, for the benefit of cities and towns that have accepted sections 3 to 7, inclusive, and pursuant to said sections 3 to 7, inclusive, have imposed a surcharge on their real property tax levy, subject to any exemptions adopted by a municipality. The fund shall consist of all revenues received by the commonwealth: (1) under the provisions of section 8; (2) from public and private sources as gifts, grants and donations to further community preservation programs; (3) from damages, penalties, costs or interest received on account of litigation or settlement thereof for a violation of section 15; or (4) all other monies credited to or transferred to from any other fund or source pursuant to law.

- (b) The state treasurer shall deposit the fund in accordance with the provisions of section 10 in such manner as will secure the highest interest rate available consistent with the safety of the fund and with the requirement that all amounts on deposit be available for withdrawal without penalty for such withdrawal at any time. All interest accrued and earnings shall be deposited into the fund. The fund shall be expended solely for the administration and implementation of this chapter. Any unexpended balances shall be redeposited for future use consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) The state treasurer shall make all disbursements and expenditures from the fund without further appropriation, as directed by the commissioner of revenue in accordance with said section 10. The department of revenue shall report by source all amounts credited to said fund and all expenditures from said fund. The commissioner of revenue shall assign personnel of the department as it may need to administer and manage the fund disbursements and any expense incurred by the department shall be deemed an operating and administrative expense of the program. The operating and administrative expenses shall not exceed 5 per cent of the annual total revenue received under the provisions of said section 10.
- Section 10. (a) The commissioner of revenue shall annually on October 15 or before November 15 disburse monies from the fund established in section 10 9 to cities and towns that have to a city or town that has accepted sections 3 to 7, inclusive, and notified the commissioner of their its acceptance. The community shall notify the commissioner of the date and terms on which the voters accepted said sections 3 to 7, inclusive. The municipal tax collecting authority shall certify to the commissioner the amount the municipality city or town has raised through June 30 by imposing a surcharge on its real property levy and shall certify the percentage of the surcharge applied. In the event a city or town accepts said sections 3 to 7, inclusive, pursuant to subsection (b½) of section 3 the municipal tax collecting authority shall certify to the commissioner by October 30, the maximum additional funds the city or town intends to transfer to the Community Preservation Fund from allowable municipal sources for the following fiscal year. Once certified, the city or town may choose to transfer less than the certified amount during the following fiscal year.
- (b) The commissioner shall multiply the amount remaining in the fund after any disbursements for operating and administrative expenses pursuant to subsection (c) of section 9 by 80 per cent. This amount distributed in the first round distribution shall be known as the match distribution. The first round total shall be distributed to each city or town accepting said sections 3 to 7, inclusive, in an amount not less than 5 per cent but not greater than 100 per cent of the total amount raised by the additional surcharge on real property by each city or town and, if applicable, the additional funds committed from allowable municipal sources pursuant to subsection (b½) of section 3. The percentage shall be the same for each city and town and shall be determined by the commissioner annually in a manner that distributes the maximum amount available to each participating city or town.

- (c) The commissioner shall further divide the remaining 20 per cent of the fund in a second round distribution, known as the equity distribution. The commissioner shall determine the equity distribution in several steps. The first step shall be to divide the remaining 20 per cent of the fund by the number of cities and towns that have accepted said sections 3 to 7, inclusive. This dividend shall be known as the base figure for equity distribution. This base figure shall be determined solely for purposes of performing the calculation for equity distribution and shall not be added to the amount received by a participant.
- (d) Each city and town in the commonwealth shall be assigned a community preservation rank for purposes of the equity distribution. The commissioner shall determine each community's rank by first determining the municipality's city or town's equalized property valuation per capita ranking, ranking municipalities cities or towns from highest to lowest valuation. The commissioner shall also determine the population of each municipality city or town and rank each from largest to smallest in population. The commissioner shall add each equalized property valuation rank and population rank, and divide the sum by two 2. The dividend is the community preservation raw score for that municipality city or town.
- (e) The commissioner shall then order each municipality city or town by CP community preservation raw score, from the lowest raw score to the highest raw score. This order shall be the CP community preservation rank for each municipality city or town. If more than one-1 municipality city or town has the same CP community preservation raw score, the municipality city or town with the higher equalized valuation rank shall receive the higher CP community preservation rank.

(f) After determining the **CP community preservation** rank for each municipality city or town in the commonwealth, the commissioner shall divide all municipalities cities or towns into deciles according to their **CP community preservation** ranking, with approximately the same number of municipalities cities and towns in each decile, and with the municipalities cities or towns with the highest **CP community preservation** rank shall be placed in the lowest decile category, starting with decile 10. Percentages shall be assigned to each decile as follows:

decile 1	140 per cent of the base figure
decile 2	130 per cent of the base figure
decile 3	120 per cent of the base figure
decile 4	110 per cent of the base figure
decile 5	100 per cent of the base figure
decile 6	90 per cent of the base figure
decile 7	80 per cent of the base figure
decile 8	70 per cent of the base figure
decile 9	60 per cent of the base figure
decile 10	50 per cent of the base figure

After assigning each municipality city and town to a decile according to their CP community preservation rank, the commissioner shall multiply the percentage assigned to that decile by the base figure to determine the second round equity distribution for each participant.

(f) (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the total state contribution for each city or and town shall not exceed the actual amount raised by the municipality's city or town's surcharge on its real property levy and, if applicable, additional funds committed from allowable municipal sources pursuant to subsection (b1/2) of section 3.

(g) (h) When there are monies remaining in the trust fund Massachusetts Community Preservation Trust Fund after the first and second round distributions, and any necessary administrative expenses have been paid in accordance with section 69, the commissioner may conduct a third round surplus distribution. Any remaining surplus in the fund may be distributed by dividing the amount of the surplus by the number of cities and towns that have accepted this chapter sections 3 to 7, inclusive. The resulting dividend shall be the surplus base figure. The commissioner shall then use the decile categories and percentages as defined in this section to determine a surplus equity distribution for each participant.

- (h) (i) The commissioner shall determine each participant's total state grant by adding the amount received in the first round distribution with the amounts received in any later round or rounds of distributions, with the exception of a city or town that has already received a grant equal to 100 per cent of the amount the community raised by its surcharge on its real property levy.
- (1) Only those cities and towns that adopt the maximum surcharge allowed by this chapter pursuant to subsection (b) of section 3 and those cities and towns that adopt the maximum surcharge and additional funds committed from allowable municipal sources such that the total funds are the equivalent of 3 per cent of the real estate tax levy against real property pursuant to subsection (b½) of said section 3 shall be eligible to receive additional state monies through the equity and surplus distributions.
- (2) If less than 10 per cent of the cities and towns in the commonwealth have accepted sections 3 to 7, inclusive, and imposed and collected a surcharge on their real property levy, the commissioner may calculate the state grant with only one 1 round of distributions, or in any other equitable manner.
- (j) After distributing the trust fund Massachusetts Community Preservation Trust Fund in accordance with this section, the commissioner may keep any remaining funds in the trust for distribution in the following year.

Section 11. A city or town that accepts sections 3 to 7, inclusive, may issue, from time to time, general obligation bonds or notes in anticipation of revenues to be raised pursuant to section 3, the proceeds of which shall be deposited in the Community Preservation Fund. Bonds or notes so issued may be at such rates of interest as shall be necessary and shall be repaid as soon after such revenues are collected as is expedient. Cities or towns that choose to issue bonds pursuant to this section shall make every effort to limit the administrative costs of issuing such bonds by cooperating among each other using methods including, but not limited to, common issuance of bonds or common retention of bond counsel. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, bonds or notes issued pursuant to this section shall be subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 44. The maturities of each issue of bonds or notes issued under this chapter may be arranged so that for each issue the amounts payable in the several years for principal and interest combined shall be as nearly equal as practicable in the opinion of the officers authorized to issue bonds or notes or, in the alternative, in accordance with a schedule providing for a more rapid amortization of principal.

Section 12. (a) A real property interest that is **purchased** acquired with monies from the Community Preservation Fund shall be bound by a permanent **deed** restriction, **recorded** as a **separate instrument**, that meets the requirements of **sections 31 to 33, inclusive**, of **chapter 184** limiting the use of the interest to the purpose for which it was acquired. The **deed permanent** restriction shall run with the land and shall be enforceable by the city or town or the commonwealth. The **deed permanent** restriction may also run to the benefit of a nonprofit **organization**, charitable corporation or foundation selected by the city or town with the right to enforce the restriction. **The legislative body may appropriate monies from the Community Preservation Fund to pay a nonprofit organization created pursuant to <u>chapter 180</u> to hold, monitor and enforce the deed restriction on the property**.

(b) Real property interests acquired under this chapter shall be owned and managed by the city or town, but the legislative body may delegate management of such property to the conservation commission, the historical commission, the board of park commissioners or the housing authority, or, in the case of interests to acquire sites for future wellhead development by a water district, a water supply district or a fire district. The legislative body may also delegate management of such property to a nonprofit organization created under chapter 180 or chapter 203.

Section 13. The community preservation committee shall keep a full and accurate account of all of its actions, including its recommendations and the action taken on them and records of all appropriations or expenditures made from the Community Preservation Fund. The committee shall also keep records of any real property interests acquired, disposed of or improved by the city or town upon its recommendation, including the names and addresses of the grantors or grantees and the nature of the consideration. The records and accounts shall be public records.

Section 14. Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or special law to the contrary, every city and town may accept sections 3 to 7, inclusive, and may thereupon receive state grants under section 10. A city or town that accepts said sections 3 to 7, inclusive, shall not be precluded from participating in state grant programs.

State grant programs may include local adoption of this chapter among the criteria for selection of grant recipients. Funds in the Community Preservation Fund may be made available and used by the city or town as the local share for state or federal grants upon recommendation of the community preservation committee and the legislative body, as provided for in section 5, if such grants and such local share are used in a manner consistent with the recommendations of the community preservation committee.

Section 15. (a) A person who, without permission, knowingly carries away or steals, mutilates, destroys, damages, causes to be damaged or cuts any tree, shrub, grass or any other portion of real property purchased by a city or town with funds derived from this chapter shall be liable to the city or town in tort for such actions.

- (b) Damages, including punitive damages for willful or wanton violation of this chapter or any rule or regulation issued or adopted hereunder, may be recovered in a civil action brought by the city or town or, upon request of the city or town, by the attorney general. The city or town or, upon request of the city or town, the attorney general, may bring an action for injunctive relief against any person violating this chapter or any rule or regulation issued hereunder. The superior court shall have jurisdiction to enjoin violations, to award damages and to grant such further relief as it may deem appropriate.
- (c) Any damages, penalties, costs or interest thereon recovered pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Community Preservation Fund of the city or town in which the violation occurred.

Section 16. (a) At any time after imposition of the surcharge, the legislative body may approve and the voters may accept an amendment to the amount and computation of the surcharge, or to the amount of exemption or exemptions, in the same manner and within the limitations set forth in this chapter, including reducing the surcharge to 1 per cent and committing additional municipal funds pursuant to subsection (b 1/2) of section 3.

(b) At any time after the expiration of five years after the date on which sections 3 to 7, inclusive, have been accepted in a city or town, said sections may be revoked in the same manner as they were accepted by such city or town, but the surcharge imposed under section 3 shall remain in effect in any such city or town, with respect to unpaid taxes on past transactions and with respect to taxes due on future transactions, until all contractual obligations incurred by the city or town prior to such termination shall have been fully discharged.

Section 17. The commissioner of revenue shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations to effect the purposes of this chapter.

SECTION 2. <u>Section 38 of chapter 262</u> of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1998 Official Edition, is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:-

The fees of the registers of deeds, except as otherwise provided, to be paid when the instrument is left for recording, filing or deposit shall be subject to a surcharge under section 8 of chapter 44B.

SECTION 3. Section 39 of said chapter 262, as so appearing, is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:-

The fees of the assistant recorder, except as otherwise provided, to be paid when the instrument is left for registering, filing or entering with respect to registered land shall be subject to a surcharge under section 8 of chapter 44B.

Approved September 14, 2000.

Please Note:

H. 4200, signed by the Governor on July 8, 2012 also included two sections related to additional funding for the CPA Trust Fund and the effective date for all CPA changes contained in H. 4200. Those sections are shown below.

SECTION 155. (a) Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, after complying with clause (a) of section 5C of chapter 29 of the General Laws, the comptroller shall dispose of the consolidated net surplus in the budgetary funds for fiscal year 2013 in the following order to the extent that funds are available: (i) transfer \$25,000,000 to the Massachusetts Community Preservation Trust Fund, established by section 9 of chapter 44B of the General Laws; and (ii) transfer the remaining balance from the General Fund to the Commonwealth Stabilization Fund.

(b) All transfers pursuant to this section shall be made from the undesignated fund balance in the budgetary funds proportionally from the undesignated fund balances; provided, however, that no such transfers shall cause a deficit in any of the funds.

SECTION 218. Sections 57 to 71, inclusive, shall apply to all Community Preservation Fund appropriations approved by a city or town's legislative body on or after the effective date of acceptance of sections 3 to 7, inclusive, of chapter 44B of the General Laws in any such city or town.

Addendum

CPC USE ONLY: Application # FYZ 613-1
Qualifies:
Does not qualify:

INITIAL ELIGIBILITY PROJECT APPLICATION FORM

DUE BY DECEMBER 1

TOWN OF NEEDHAM COMMUNITY PRESERVATION COMMITTEE

c/o Park & Recreation Department 1471 Highland Avenue, Town Hall Needham, MA 02492

www.needhamma.gov/CPC

1. **Applicant:** **Submission Date:**

Charles River Association for Retarded Citizens, Inc.

6/14/12

(d/b/a The Charles River Center)

Applicant's Address, Phone Number and Email: 2.

59 East Militia Heights Rd.

Needham, MA 02492

781-972-1022

igrugan@charlesrivercenter.org

Contact Name: John Grugan, President

3. Purpose:

(Please select all that apply)

Open Space

x Community Housing

Historic Preservation

Recreation

Project Name: 4.

South Street Home

Project Location/Address/Ownership (Control): 5.

Charles River purchased the property at 1285 South St. in Needham to build a five-bedroom home (five affordable housing units) for adults with developmental disabilities.

Amount Requested: 6.

\$ 500,000

Charles River is seeking \$500,000 to build a new home at 1285 South St. in Needham.

Estimated Total Project Cost (If Different): 7.

\$ 800,000

Charles River purchased this property for \$350,000. This total of \$800,000 includes tearing down the existing structure, clearing the land and building a fully handicap-accessible home (3,000 square feet). A design created for another Charles River Center home will be used here so no costs for design and construction drawings will be incurred. This estimate was provided by Andrew Weaver of Weaver + Associates. Mr. Weaver has designed other homes for The Charles River Center as well as the Paul D. Merritt Building.

Critical Dates: (If Applicable): 8.

Bids from contractors are expected in October, 2012. Construction is estimated to begin in early December but the start date is also contingent on funding.

continued -

Town of Needham Community Preservation Application Process Project Application Form form updated 10/07

CPC USE ONLY: Application #
Qualifies:
Does not qualify:

Project Name:

South Street Group Home

9. Project Summary: In 100 words or less provide a brief summary of the project:

Charles River would like to build a new 3,000 square-foot, accessible home for five individuals with developmental disabilities. The State Department of Developmental Disabilities (DDS) has already identified five (perhaps six units if DDS provides a waiver) individuals who are in dire need of housing. This home would be occupied by adults who have the most complex physical and cognitive disabilities.

Charles River will also seek funding from individuals and foundations for this project.

10. Community Need: In 100 words or less provide a brief statement of the need for and the benefits to the community.

At this time, there is a shortage of housing for individuals with disabilities while the demand continues to increase. Those who will occupy this home may be adults still living with their elderly parents or those with moderate to severe disabilities.

Building this home will assist individuals who need housing and also increase the number of low-income affordable units in Needham as outlined in the Community Preservation Committee guidelines. The Charles River Center is a local nonprofit that provides housing for individuals that qualify for community housing.

Note: This application enables the Community Preservation Committee to review the Request to assess eligibility. You shall be notified by January 1 of your eligibility. If eligible you will be requested to supply additional information by February 1.